

Controlling Unseen Compositions in Diffusion Models by Swapping Positional Embeddings

OS2B-10

Peilin Xiong Junwen Chen Honghui Yuan Keiji Yanai
The University of Electro-Communications, Tokyo, JAPAN



Abstract

- Modern diffusion models struggle to synthesize unseen compositions (e.g., "a human head on a dog body").
- We propose a **training-free** method that dynamically **swaps positional embeddings** to guide structure generation during early denoising and restore local details later.
- Our approach works with **FLUX.1-dev** and its editing variant **FLUX.1-Fill**, without retraining or modifying model parameters.

Results

Split-Screen Composition



Prompt: " split-screen composition" can be used to simultaneously generate two vertically stacked images
Top/Bottom: Independent style prompts

1. FLUX.1-dev Split-Screen Generation
2. Our Embedding Swap

Localized Editing via FLUX-Fill Integration



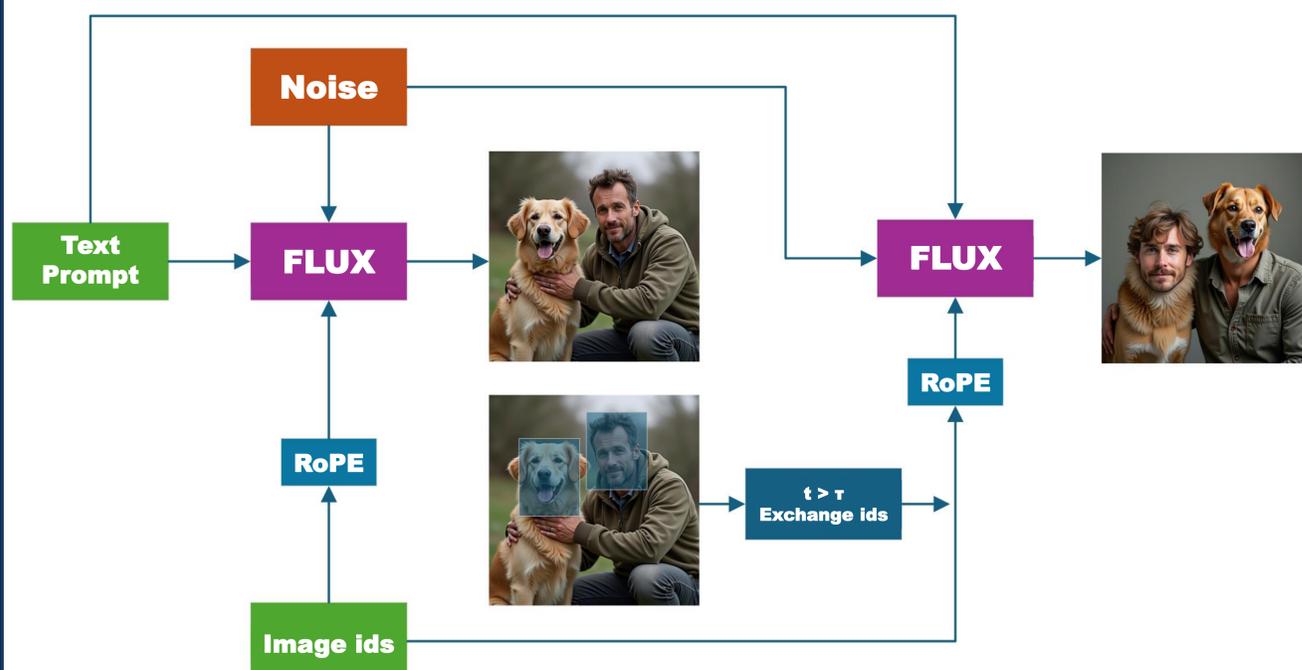
- Binary mask pinpoints the edit region
- Positional-embedding swaps apply the change locally
- Background pixels are preserved automatically

Goal

- Enable controllable spatial manipulation by injecting donor region's positional semantics in early denoising steps.
- Restore target region's embeddings in later steps for coherent blending.



Method



- We manipulate img-ids (latent coordinates) that FLUX uses to understand spatial relationships via RoPE (Rotary Positional Embedding).
- RoPE [2] injects relative positional information into Transformers by rotating queries and keys, enabling attention to remain sensitive to relative positions.

Key Mechanism:

EARLY STAGE ($t > \tau$)

- Swap IDs across regions
- Forces donor structure via RoPE

LATE STAGE ($t \leq \tau$)

- Revert to native IDs
- RoPE harmonizes details

Key Innovation:

Timestep-controlled RoPE manipulation
→ Coarse structure transfer → Seamless refinement

[1] Black Forest Labs, S. Batifol, A. Blattmann, et al., "FLUX. 1 Kontext: Flow Matching for In-Context Image Generation and Editing in Latent Space," arXiv preprint arXiv:2506.15742, 2025.

[2] Su J, Ahmed M, Lu Y, et al. Roformer: Enhanced transformer with rotary position embedding[J]. Neurocomputing, 2024, 568: 127063.