

Iconify: Converting Photographs into Icons

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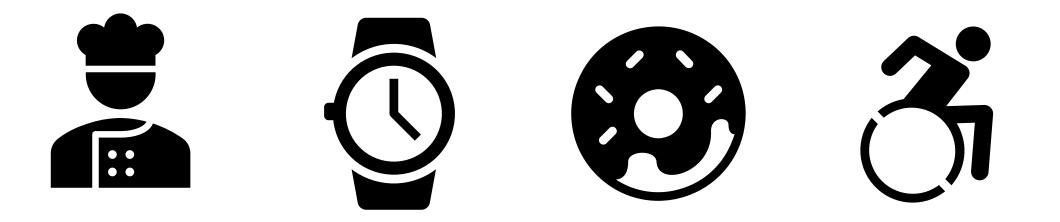
2020.10.26







 Automatic generation of icons from segmented images, capable of showing sufficient abstraction and simplification of the original object appearance.









- A domain conversion task between two different sample sets, natural images & icons (no paired data between both sets).
- Large style difference between both domains (severe abstraction).
- Large appearance variations in each domain. Even icons have large variations in their shapes to represent various objects.

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Proposal



• Objective:

 Generate icon images automatically from natural photographs by using machine learning techniques (Generative Adversarial Networks)

• Approach:

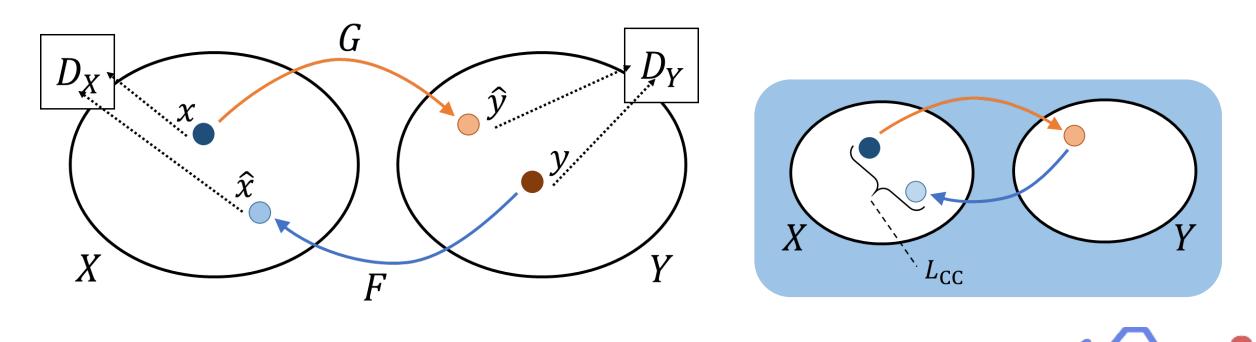
 No paired data of photos and icons is provided. Therefore, we have to adopt unsupervised image-to-image translation methods, such as CycleGAN.



Generative Adversarial Networks



- CycleGAN*:
 - Based on a *mapping between two image sets*, X and Y, without giving any image-to-image correspondence. Introducing the cycle consistency loss.



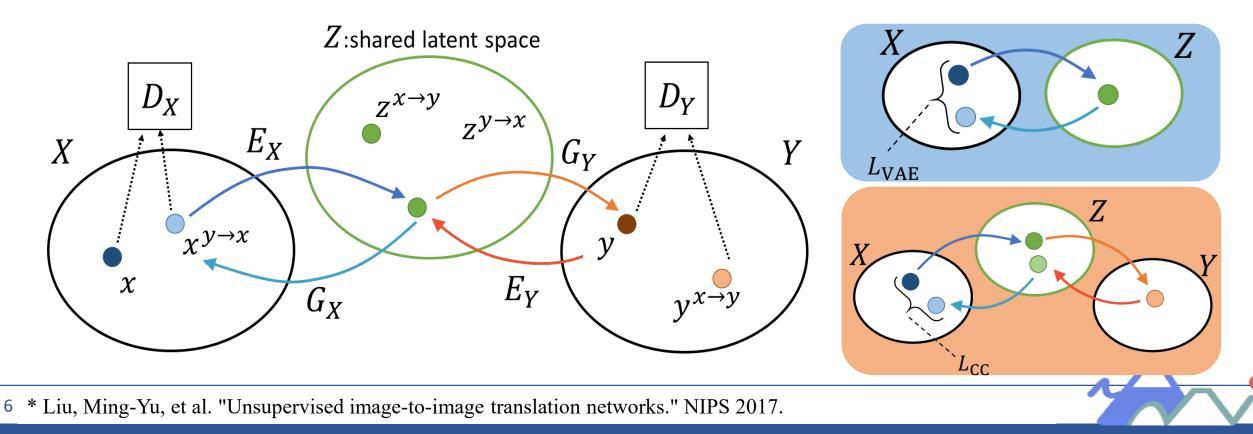
5 * Zhu, Jun-Yan, et al. "Unpaired image-to-image translation using cycle-consistent adversarial networks." ICCV 2017.

Generative Adversarial Networks



• **UNIT***:

- Based on CycleGAN, introducing a condition that both input and output should be represented by the same variable in the latent space Z.



7 * S, Alexander, et al. "Logo synthesis and manipulation with clustered generative adversarial networks." CVPR 2018.

Datasets to Iconify

- Photograph data:
 - 11,041 individual objects from 5,000 images of the MS-COCO dataset
- Icon data:
 - 8,830 augmented black & white icons from MS Power Point
- Logo data:
 - 20,000 color logos randomly chosen from the LLD-logo dataset*







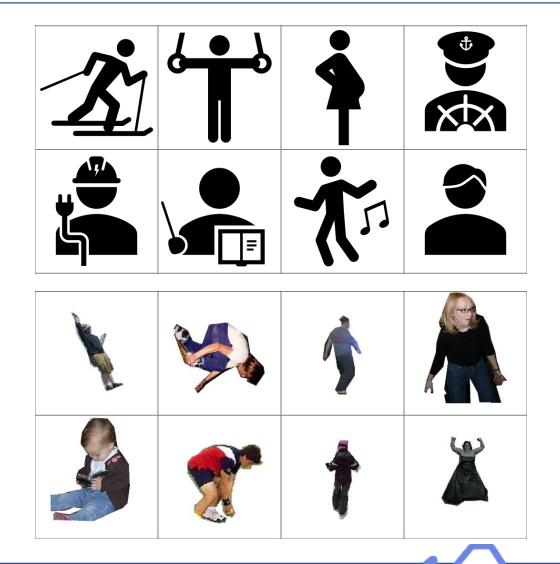






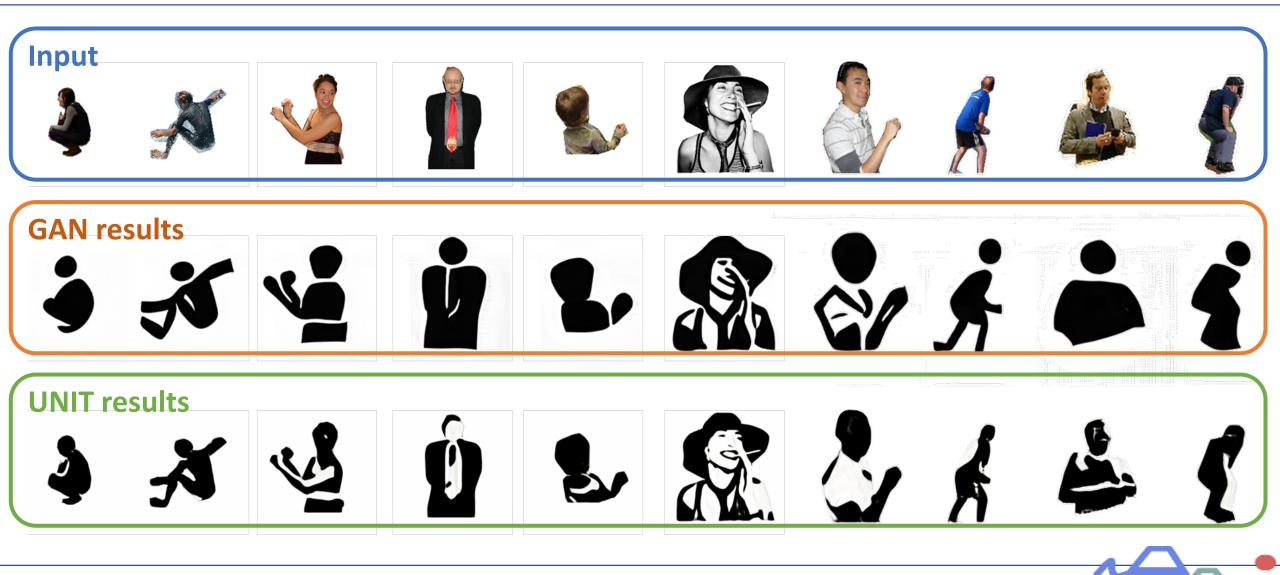
Iconify human photos (i)

- Train both models **CycleGAN and UNIT** with the same dataset, and hyperparameters from original implementations
- 1,440 augmented icon images (from 72 original icons), and 1,684 person photos
- All images resized to 256x256 pixels



Iconify human photos (Results)





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Iconify general objects



- Train CycleGAN in a coarse-to-fine strategy with the complete datasets



Iconify general objects to logos



- Train **CycleGAN** in a coarse-to-fine strategy with the complete datasets



Conclusion



• Conclusions:

- We experimentally proved that the transformation of natural photos into icon images is possible by using GANs.
- CycleGAN has a sufficient "abstraction" ability to generate icon-like images

• Future work:

- Subjective and objective quality evaluation of the iconified images
- Generate a larger icon dataset to improve the results quality
- Analysis of the trained GANs for understanding how the abstraction has been made





Thank You



